1. Identification

Product identifier

TIP TOP FIXPASTE VC4-A

Art.-No.

516 9025, 516 9032, 516 9033, 516 9034, 516 9040, 516 9041, 516 9049, 516 9056, 516 9063, 516 9087

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture

Filler rubber

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: REMA TIP TOP AG
Street: Gruber Strasse 65
Place: D-85586 Poing
Telephone: +49 (0) 8121 / 707 - 100
Responsible Department: Responsible for the safety data sheet: sds@gbk-ingelheim.de

Emergency phone number: INTERNATIONAL: +49 - (0) 6132 - 84463, GBK GmbH (24h - 7d/w - 365d/a) (USA domestic) 1 800 535 5053 or international (001) 352 323 3500

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the chemical

29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Flammable liquids: Flam. Liq. 2
Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Irrit. 2
Specific target organ toxicity single exposure: STOT SE 3 (narcotic effects)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 2

Label elements

29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Causes skin irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
Avoid release to the environment.

Hazards not otherwise classified

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) none of the substances, contained in this product are a PBT / vPvB substance.
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical characterization

Preparation in aliphatic hydrocarbons

Hazardous components

CAS No	Components	Quantity
64742-49-0	Naphtha (petroleum) (Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic compounds, < 3% n-hexane)	< 35 %
64742-49-0	Naphtha (petroleum) (Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 3% n-hexane)	< 15 %
1314-13-2	Zinc oxide	< 2,5 %

Further Information

According to note P to the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008, "Naphta (petroleum)" is not to be classified as "carcinogenic" or "mutagen" ingredient because a benzene content (EINECS No. 200-753-7) is below 0.1 % by weight.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove contaminated soaked clothing immediately.
If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
Take away from danger area and lay down affected person.

After inhalation

Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours or decomposition products.
Refer for medical treatment.

After contact with skin

Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.

After contact with eyes

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Summon a doctor immediately.

After ingestion

Do not induce vomiting.
Rinse out mouth and give plenty of water to drink.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Summon a doctor immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Attention. Beware of aspiration danger.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam, carbon dioxide (CO_2), dry chemical, water-spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire may produce:
Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides and nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use breathing apparatus with independent air supply.
Protective suit.

Additional information

Cool containers at risk with water spray jet.
The vapour/air mixture is explosive, even in empty, uncleaned receptacles.
Vapours are heavier than air and spread along ground.
Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Use only explosion-proof equipment.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Keep away sources of ignition.
Keep away noninvolved persons.

For non-emergency personnel

Do not breathe vapours.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

For emergency responders

In case of vapour formation use respirator.
Use personal protective clothing.

Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

For cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder).
Shovel into suitable container for disposal.

Reference to other sections

Observe protective instructions (see Sections 7 and 8).
Information for disposal look up chapter 13.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Keep container tightly closed.
Keep a good ventilation and air-exhaust at the place of work.
Vapours are heavier than air and spread along ground.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Do not smoke.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Use only explosion-proof equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Pay attention to anti-explosion protection rules.

Hints on joint storage

Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	f/cc	Category	Origin
1333-86-4	Carbon black (in presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)) (as PAHs)	-	0.1		TWA (8 h)	REL
1333-86-4	Carbon black (inhalable fraction)		3		TWA (8 h)	ACGIH-2022
1333-86-4	Carbon black	-	3.5		TWA (8 h)	PEL
1332-58-7	Kaolin (respirable fraction)		2		TWA (8 h)	ACGIH-2022
1332-58-7	Kaolin (total)	-	10		TWA (8 h)	REL
1332-58-7	Kaolin Respirable fraction	-	5		TWA (8 h)	PEL
9006-04-6	Natural rubber latex as inhalable allergenic protein		0.0001		TWA (8 h)	ACGIH-2022
1314-13-2	Zinc oxide (Dust)	-	5		TWA (8 h)	REL
		-	C 15		Ceiling	REL
1314-13-2	Zinc oxide (respirable fraction)		2		TWA (8 h)	ACGIH-2022
			10		STEL (15 min)	ACGIH-2022
1314-13-2	Zinc oxide Respirable fraction	-	5		TWA (8 h)	PEL

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Protective and hygiene measures

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Treat subsequently with skin cream.
Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting goggles.
Eye wash bottle with pure water.

Hand protection

Protective gloves resistant to chemicals made of nitrile, Minimum coat thickness 0.4 mm, Permeation resistance (wear duration) approx. 480 minutes, i.e. protective glove <Camatril Velours 730> made by www.kcl.de.
This recommendation refers exclusively to the chemical compatibility and the lab test conforming to EN 374 carried out under lab conditions.
Requirements can vary as a function of the use. Therefore, it is necessary to adhere additionally to the recommendations given by the manufacturer of protective gloves.

Skin protection

Long sleeved clothing.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment (gas filter type A).

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Pasty	
Color:	Black	
Odor:	Like petrol (gasoline)	
		Test method
pH-Value:	n.d.	
Changes in the physical state		
Melting point/freezing point:	< - 20 °C	*)
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	60 - 95 °C	*)
Sublimation point:	n.a.	
Softening point:	n.d.	
Flash point:	- 25 °C	*)
Sustaining combustion:	Sustaining combustion	
Flammability		
Solid/liquid:	n.a.	
Gas:	n.a.	

Explosive properties

The product is considered non-explosive; nevertheless explosive vapour/air mixture can be generated.

Lower explosion limits:	1,0 vol. %	*)
Upper explosion limits:	7,3 vol. %	*)
Auto-ignition temperature:	413 °C	*)
Self-ignition temperature		
Solid:	n.a.	
Gas:	n.a.	
Decomposition temperature:	n.d.	

Oxidizing properties

Not oxidising.

Vapor pressure: (at 20 °C)	150 hPa	*)
Density (at 20 °C):	approx. 1,01 g/cm³	
Bulk density:	n.a.	
Water solubility: (at 20 °C)	Immiscible	

Solubility in other solvents

n.d.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	n.d.	
Viscosity / dynamic:	n.d.	
Viscosity / kinematic: (at 40 °C)	> 20,5 mm²/s	

Flow time:	> 100 s	3 mm DIN/ISO 2431
Relative vapour density:	n.d.	
Evaporation rate:	n.d.	
Solvent separation test:	< 3 %	
Solvent content:	40 - 45 %	

Other information

*) Naphtha (petroleum)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability

Stability: Stable

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Will not occur

Reactions with oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid

To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.
Heating can release vapours which can be ignited.
Vapour/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products known.

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides, and nitrogen oxides (NOx).

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Route(s) of Entry

Skin and eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
No toxicological data available.
Naphtha (petroleum)
LD50/oral/rat: > 2000 mg/kg (Estimated)
LD50/dermal/rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg (Estimated)
LC50/inhalativ/rat: > 20 mg/l (Estimated)

Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitizing effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness (Naphtha (petroleum) (Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic compounds, < 3% n-hexane))

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	Not listed
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	Not listed
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	Not listed

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Additional information on tests

This product is classified in accordance with the GHS regulations.

Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

Other information

Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
A longer or repeated contact my lead to irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.
Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis and sensitization of susceptible persons.
Attention. Beware, danger of aspiration!

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Ecological data are not available.
Naphtha (petroleum)
EC50/Daphnia: 1 - 10 mg/l
EC50/Algae: 10 - 100 mg/l
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

Other adverse effects

Hazardous water pollutant.

Further information

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.
Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal.

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.
Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.
Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of like the product.

14. Transport information

US DOT 49 CFR 172.101

UN number or ID number:	UN 1133
Proper shipping name:	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es):	3
Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3

Marine transport (IMDG)

UN number:	UN 1133
UN proper shipping name:	Adhesives (Naphtha (petroleum))
Transport hazard class(es):	3
Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3

Marine pollutant:	Yes
Limited quantity:	5 L / 30 kg
Excepted quantity:	E1
EmS:	F-E, S-D

Other applicable information (marine transport)

Receptacle max. 450 L, IMDG Code subsection 2.3.2.2

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

UN number:	UN 1133
UN proper shipping name:	Adhesives
Transport hazard class(es):	3
Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3

Limited quantity Passenger:	10 L
Passenger LQ:	Y344
Excepted quantity:	E1

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	355
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	30 L (*)
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	366
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	100 L (*)

Other applicable information (air transport)

*) [3.3.3.1 IATA DGR]

Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: Yes

Special precautions for user

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

The transport takes place only in approved and appropriate packaging.

15. Regulatory information

U.S. Regulations

National Inventory TSCA

All of the components are listed on the TSCA inventory.

National regulatory information

SARA Section 311/312 Hazards:

Naphtha (petroleum) (Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclic compounds, < 3% n-hexane) (64742-49-0): Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard

Naphtha (petroleum) (Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 3% n-hexane) (64742-49-0): Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard

SARA

To the best of our knowledge this product contains no toxic chemicals subject to the supplier notification requirements of Section 313 of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA/EPCRA) and the requirements of 40 CFR Part 372.

State Regulations

Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65, State of California)

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon black (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) (cancer), which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Additional information

This product contains max VOC: 30-35%

16. Other information

Hazardous Materials Information Label (HMIS)

Health:	1
Flammability:	3
Physical Hazard:	0

NFPA Hazard Ratings

Health:	1
Flammability:	3
Reactivity:	0
Unique Hazard:	

Changes

Revision date:	02/06/2023
Revision No:	2,5

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 1,2,4,6,9,10,11,12,14.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route
RID = Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses
ADN = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure
IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA/ICAO = International Air Transport Association / International Civil Aviation Organization
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
IBC-Code = International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals
CAS = Chemical Abstract Service
EN = European norm
ISO = International Organization for Standardization
DIN = Deutsche Industrie Norm
PBT = Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB = Very Persistent and very Bio-accumulative

LD = Lethal dose
LC = Lethal concentration
EC = Effect concentration
IC = Median immobilisation concentration or median inhibitory concentration

Other data

The information in this document is based on the present state of knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions.
The information describes exclusively the safety requirements for the product (s) and is based on the present level of our knowledge.
The delivery specifications are contained in the corresponding product sheet.
This data does not constitute a guarantee for the characteristics of the product(s) as defined by the legal warranty regulations.
(n.a. = not applicable; n.d. = not determined)

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)