SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

TIP TOP ADHESIVE TC 5000

Art.-No.

525 2217, 525 2224, 525 2286, 525 2293, 525 2389

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

adhesive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Company name:	TIP TOP Oberflaechenschutz Elbe GmbH
Street:	Heuweg 4
Place:	D-06886 Wittenberg
Telephone:	+49(0)3491/635-50 Telefax: +49(0)3491/635-552
Responsible Department:	Responsible for the safety data sheet: sds@gbk-ingelheim.de

Supplier

Company name:	REMA TIP TOP INDUSTRY UK LTD
Street:	Plumtree Industrial Estate, Harworth
Place:	Doncaster, DN11 8EW, South Yorkshire
Telephone:	+44 (0)1302 711233
Internet:	www.rema-tiptop.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number:

INTERNATIONAL: +49 - (0) 6132 - 84463, GBK GmbH (24h - 7d/w - 365d/a)
In England and Wales: NHS 111 In Scotland: NHS 24 - dial 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GB CLP Regulation

Flam. Liq. 3; H226
Acute Tox. 4; H312
Acute Tox. 4; H332
Skin Irrit. 2; H315
Eye Irrit. 2; H319
Repr. 1A; H360D
STOT SE 3; H335
STOT RE 2; H373
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

GB CLP Regulation

Hazard components for labelling

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene
Phenol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, polymer with ethyne
Lead tetroxide

Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:

Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H312+H332	Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe vapour.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308+P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P405	Store locked up.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) none of the substances, contained in this product are a PBT / vPvB substance.

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical characterization

Mixture containing following substances with additives

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	Classification (GB CLP Regulation)			
	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene			< 80 %
	905-588-0		01-2119488216-32	
	Flam. Liq. 3, Acute Tox. 4, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3, STOT RE 2, Asp. Tox. 1; H226 H332 H312 H315 H319 H335 H373 H304			
28514-92-3	Phenol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, polymer with ethyne			< 5 %
	Repr. 1B; H360D			
1314-41-6	Lead tetroxide			< 1 %
	215-235-6		01-2119517589-27	
	Carc. 2, Repr. 1A, Acute Tox. 4, Acute Tox. 4, STOT RE 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H351 H360Df H332 H302 H372 H400 H410			
137-26-8	Thiram			< 0,1 %
	205-286-2	006-005-00-4	01-2119492301-45	
	Acute Tox. 4, Acute Tox. 4, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1, STOT RE 2, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H332 H302 H315 H319 H317 H373 H400 H410			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
	905-588-0	Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	< 80 %
	inhalation: ATE = 11 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 1,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: ATE = 1100 mg/kg STOT RE 2; H373: >= 10 - 100		
1314-41-6	215-235-6	Lead tetroxide	< 1 %
	inhalation: ATE = 11 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: ATE = 1,5 mg/l (dusts or mists); oral: LD50 = > 10000 mg/kg		
137-26-8	205-286-2	Thiram	< 0,1 %
	inhalation: ATE = 11 mg/l (vapours); inhalation: LC50 = 3460 mg/l (dusts or mists); dermal: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 1800 mg/kg Aquatic Acute 1; H400: M=10 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410: M=10		

Further Information

SVHC substance [Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 57]
Lead tetroxide

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove contaminated soaked clothing immediately.
In the event of persistent symptoms receive medical treatment.
Take away from danger area and lay down affected person.

After inhalation

Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours.
In the event of symptoms refer for medical treatment.

After contact with skin

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
Treat subsequently with skin cream.
Consult a doctor if skin irritation persists.

After contact with eyes

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids.
Seek medical treatment by eye specialist.

After ingestion

Do not induce vomiting.
Rinse out mouth and give plenty of water to drink.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Summon a doctor immediately.
The decision whether to induce vomiting or not is to be taken by a physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May damage the unborn child.
Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, water-spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire may produce:
Carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and sulphur oxides (SOx)
Bromine compounds

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use breathing apparatus with independent air supply.
Protective suit.

Additional information

Vapours are heavier than air and spread along ground.
The vapour/air mixture is explosive, even in empty, uncleaned receptacles.
Cool containers at risk with water spray jet.
Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General advice

Ensure adequate ventilation.
Keep away sources of ignition.
Keep away noninvolved persons.

For non-emergency personnel

Do not breathe vapours.
Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

For emergency responders

In case of vapour formation use respirator.
Use personal protective clothing.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

For cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder).
Shovel into suitable container for disposal.
Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Observe protective instructions (see Sections 7 and 8).
Information for disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Keep container tightly closed.
Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.
In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment (gas filter type A) (EN 14387).

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
Pay attention to anti-explosion rules.
Do not smoke.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not inhale vapours.
Avoid contact with eyes and skin.
Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Remove and wash contaminated clothes before re-use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hints on joint storage

Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

adhesive

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits (EH40)

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
1333-86-4	Carbon black	-	3.5		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		-	7		STEL (15 min)	WEL
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	100	441		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		125	552		STEL (15 min)	WEL
-	Lead other than lead alkyls	-	0.15		TWA (8 h)	CLAW
1330-20-7	Xylene: mixed isomers	50	220		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		100	441		STEL (15 min)	WEL

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Pay attention to explosion protection guidelines.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting goggles (EN 166).
Eye wash bottle with pure water (EN 15154).

Hand protection

Protective gloves resistant to chemicals made off viton, minimum coat thickness 0.7 mm, permeation resistance (wear duration) approx. 480 minutes, i.e. protective glove <Vitoject 890> made by www.kcl.de.
This recommendation refers exclusively to the chemical compatibility and the lab test conforming to EN 374 carried out under lab conditions.
Requirements can vary as a function of the use. Therefore it is necessary to adhere additionally to the recommendations given by the manufacturer of protective gloves.

Skin protection

Long sleeved clothing (DIN EN ISO 6530)

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment (gas filter type A) (EN 14387).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Black
Odour:	Hydrocarbon-like

		Test method
Changes in the physical state		
Melting point/freezing point:	< -25 °C	
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	136 - 145 °C	(*)
Sublimation point:	n.a.	
Softening point:	n.d.	
Flash point:	24 °C	(*)
Flammability		
Solid/liquid:	n.a.	

Explosive properties

The product is considered non-explosive; nevertheless explosive vapour/air mixture can be generated.

Lower explosion limits:	1,0 vol. %	(*)
Upper explosion limits:	8,0 vol. %	(*)
Auto-ignition temperature:	approx. 460 °C	(*)

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	n.a.
Gas:	n.a.
Decomposition temperature:	n.d.
pH-Value:	n.d.
Viscosity / dynamic:	approx. 2000 mPa·s
Viscosity / kinematic: (at 40 °C)	> 20,5 mm²/s
Flow time:	n.d.
Water solubility:	Immiscible

Solubility in other solvents

n.d.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	n.d.	
Vapour pressure: (at 20 °C)	8 hPa	(*)
Vapour pressure: (at 50 °C)	45 hPa	(*)
Density (at 20 °C):	0,91 g/cm³	
Bulk density:	n.a.	
Relative vapour density:	n.d.	

9.2. Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Sustaining combustion: Sustaining combustion

Oxidizing properties

Not oxidising.

Other safety characteristics

Solvent separation test:	n.d.
Solvent content:	< 80 %
Evaporation rate:	n.d.

Further Information

(*) Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reactions with oxidizing agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
An inappropriate handling, for instance major amounts of product combined with strong heat and nitrosating agents, renders possible a cleavage of nitrosamines in traces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products known.
Fire may produce:
Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur oxides.
bromine compounds

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Acute toxicity

Harmful in contact with skin.
Harmful if inhaled.
No toxicological data available.

ATEmix calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) 1439 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) 14,38 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) 1,962 mg/l

Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

May damage the unborn child. (Phenol, 4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, polymer with ethyne; Lead tetroxide)
Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. (Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Additional information on tests

Classification in compliance with the assessment procedure specified in the Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

Other information

Inhalation of vapours in high concentration can cause narcotic effects.
Inhalation of high vapour concentration may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to degreasing properties of the product.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological data are not available.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to UK REACH.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Hazardous water pollutant.

Further information

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal recommendations

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal.
Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

080409 WASTES FROM THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, SUPPLY AND USE (MFSU) OF COATINGS (PAINTS, VARNISHES AND VITREOUS ENAMELS), ADHESIVES, SEALANTS AND PRINTING INKS; wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including waterproofing products); waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances; hazardous waste

Contaminated packaging

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and after appropriate cleansing may be taken for reuse.
Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of like the product.
Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	Adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3

Classification code:	F1

Limited quantity:	5 L / 30 kg
Excepted quantity:	E1
Transport category:	3
Hazard No:	30
Tunnel restriction code:	D/E

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	Adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3

Classification code:	F1
Limited quantity:	5 L / 30 kg
Excepted quantity:	E1

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	Adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3

Marine pollutant:	No
Limited quantity:	5 L / 30 kg
Excepted quantity:	E1
EmS:	F-E, S-D

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	Adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	3
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	3

Limited quantity Passenger:	10 L
Passenger LQ:	Y344
Excepted quantity:	E1
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:	355
IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:	60 L
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:	366
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:	220 L

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The transport takes place only in approved and appropriate packaging.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Authorisations (REACH, annex XIV):

Substances of very high concern, SVHC (REACH, article 59):

Lead tetroxide

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 40, Entry 63, Entry 75

Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC in paints and varnishes:	< 80 %
Information according to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):	P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions:	Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC). Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.
Water hazard class (D):	2 - obviously hazardous to water

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 2,14.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route
RID = Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses
ADN = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure
IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA/ICAO = International Air Transport Association / International Civil Aviation Organization
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
IBC-Code = International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals
CAS = Chemical Abstract Service
EN = European norm
ISO = International Organization for Standardization
DIN = Deutsche Industrie Norm
PBT = Persistent Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB = Very Persistent and very Bio-accumulative

LD = Lethal dose
LC = Lethal concentration
EC = Effect concentration
IC = Median immobilisation concentration or median inhibitory concentration

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 3; H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4; H312	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4; H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method
Repr. 1A; H360D	Calculation method
STOT SE 3; H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2; H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H312+H332	Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H360Df	May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further Information

Data of items 4 to 8, as well as 10 to 12, do partly not refer to the use and the regular employing of the product (in this sense consult information on use and on product), but to liberation of major amounts in case of accidents and irregularities.
The information describes exclusively the safety requirements for the product(s) and is based on the present level of our knowledge.
The delivery specifications are contained in the corresponding product sheet.
This data does not constitute a guarantee for the characteristics of the product(s) as defined by the legal warranty regulations.
(n.a. = not applicable; n.d. = not determined)

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)